Richard W. Riley College of Education, Sport and Human Sciences, Winthrop University SOCIAL STUDIES EDUCATION INTERNSHIP I EVALUATION REPORT

Date		Date:	WU ID#:			Teacher Candidate Name:
Date		Date:				Teacher Candidate Name.
Date			Grade:			School:
Date		Supervisor Name:	University S			Mentor Teacher Name:
Date						
		ic	Content/Topic	Lesson (OBSERVATIONS
						University Supervisor
						Mentor Teacher
						Wiemor reaction
						S' D 101
						Site-Based Observer
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		Exceeds Expectations	ıs Ex	Meets Expectation	Below Expectations	EVALUATION
		-			_	OUTCOMES
						Short Range Planning
						Instruction
						Environment
						Social Studies Education
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	y.	to be scored as Satisfactor	ance domain to			T .
				Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	The teacher candidate is
ith the data/rati	conference, and agreeing with	inal [circle one] evaluation of	he midterm/fin			With my signature below, I attess presented in the report.
		to be scored as Satisfactor	ance domain to	or above in each perform Satisfactory	a "Meets Expectations" rating Unsatisfactory	OUTCOMES Short Range Planning Instruction Environment Professionalism Social Studies Education A teacher candidate must score The teacher candidate is

Directions: Please highlight or shade the appropriate section after carefully considering each of the descriptions. These responses should reflect regular practices and not one-time efforts. The key for the abbreviations below is **EE**= "Exceeds Expectations," **ME**= "Meets Expectations," **BE**= "Below Expectations," and **NO** = "No Opportunity." This column should be used if a candidate has not yet had the opportunity to demonstrate a competency. Provide rating explanations under "Supporting Documentation and Evidence".

Internship I Evaluation Rubric

		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity
.1	TC creates standards-based lessons in accordance with the requirements of the discipline, including learning objectives that are measurable, rigorous, and align with the standards. (In SCST this means TC plans that demonstrate alignment with the C3 Framework, state-required content standards, and theory and research.) InTASC 4, 7; CAEP 1.3, 1.4 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Standards and Objectives); Planning (Instructional Plans; Assessment) NCSS 2a	Lesson plans or objectives do not meet expectations of the discipline in one of more of the following ways: Lesson plans or objectives do not align with unit goals or standards and/or learning experiences are out of alignment with objectives or do not ensure student engagement. (In SCST this means simply that TC plans learning sequences.)	Lesson plans are aligned with long-range goals and learning experiences are designed to achieve stated objectives, and ensure student engagement. Lesson plans meet expectations of the discipline. Learning objectives are measureable, appropriately challenging, and align with the standards. (In SCST this means that TC plans learning sequences that demonstrate general alignment with the C3 Framework, state-required content standards, and theory and research.)	Lesson plans are consistently aligned with long-range goals. Learning experiences are designed to achieve stated objectives and to maximize student engagement. Lesson plans meet expectations of the discipline. Learning objectives are measurable, rigorous, and align with the standards. (In SCST this means that TC plans learning sequences that demonstrate an explicit and specific alignment with the C3 Framework, state required content standards, and theory and research.)	Оррогишцу
	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and	nd EVIDENCE			

		DOMAIN 1: PL	ANNING		
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity
1.2	TC designs, selects, or modifies multiple methods of assessments that are aligned with lesson objectives. (In SCST this means that TC designs and implements a range of authentic assessments that measure learners' mastery of disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation for civic competence and demonstrate alignment with state required content standards.) InTASC 6, 7; CAEP 1.2 SCTS 4.0 – Planning (Instructional Plans; Assessment) NCSS 3a	Assessments do not align with lesson objectives, or no assessments are identified. Accommodations are not planned or are inappropriate. (In SCST this means that TC designs assessments that measure learning.)	Informal or formal lesson assessments are appropriate (for age and knowledge level), align with lesson objectives, and occur at various points during the lesson. Plans appropriate assessment accommodations to meet individual learner needs. (In SCST this means that TC designs a range of authentic assessments that measure how learners explain, apply or justify conclusions that are the result of disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation, AND TC also aligns assessments with state required content standards).	Informal and formal lesson assessments are appropriate (for age and knowledge level), align with lesson objectives and cognitive task, and occur at various points during the lesson. Assessments include verbal and/or written directions, models, prompts, etc. that clearly define learner expectations. Plans appropriate assessment accommodations to meet individual learner needs. (In SCST this means that TC designs a range of authentic assessments that measure how learners explain, apply or justify conclusions that are the result of disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation that fosters political knowledge, a self-interested investment in political engagement, and a disposition toward a more inclusive, just, and equitable society, AND TC will also align assessments with state required content standards)	
	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and	u D. IDENCE			

		DOMAIN 1: PLA	ANNING		
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity
1.3	TC uses data from a variety of formative, diagnostic, and summative assessments to guide instructional planning. (In SCST this means that TC exhibits data literacy by using assessment data to guide instructional decision-making and reflect on student learning outcomes related to disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation for competence in civic life.) InTASC 6, 7; CAEP 1.2 SCTS 4.0 – Planning (Instructional Plans; Assessment) NCSS 3d SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION an	TC does not gather or examine student performance data or does not use data appropriately in the planning process. (In SCST this means that TC collects student assessment data.)	TC gathers and uses learner performance data from multiple assessments to modify or determine lesson objectives and instructional plans (In SCST this means that TC collects, analyzes, and interprets various types of data including student-learning outcomes to help determine instructional decision-making.)	TC gathers and uses a variety of learner performance data from multiple assessments to modify or determine lesson objectives and to modify instructional plans. (In SCST this means TC collects, analyzes, and interprets various types of data including student-learning outcomes to transform data into actionable curriculum, knowledge of students, and/or instructional practices related to disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation for competence in civic life.)	оррогини, <u>— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —</u>
1.4	TC plans differentiated instruction to address diverse learning needs. InTASC 1, 7 CAEP 1.4 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Lesson Structure and Pacing); Planning (Instructional Plans) SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION an	Lesson plans do not include strategies for differentiation or meet requirements identified in IEPs and/or 504 plans.	Lesson plans include general strategies for addressing diverse learning needs. Plans meet requirements identified in IEPs and/or 504 plans, as applicable.	Lesson plans include specific strategies for differentiation of teaching procedures/pacing to address diverse learning needs. Plans meet requirements identified in IEPs and/or 504 plans, as applicable.	

	DOMAIN 1: PLA	ANNING		
	Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity
Describe at least one short-range planning strength:				
List at least one short- range planning goal:				

		DOMAIN 2: INSTRUC	CTION		
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity
2.1	TC effectively communicates appropriately challenging expectations to learners. CAEP 1.4 SCTS 4.0- Instruction (Standards and Objectives; Activities and Materials); Environment (Expectations)	TC does not communicate expectations for what students will know and be able to by the end of the lesson.	TC communicates appropriately challenging expectations for what students will know and be able to do by the end of the lesson.	TC communicates appropriately challenging expectations for what learners will know and be able to do by the end of the lesson (or lesson series), while explaining the purpose and relevance of the content.	
	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and EV	TDENCE			

	DOMAIN 2: INSTRUCTION							
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity			
2.2	TC differentiates instruction to meet the needs of diverse learners. CAEP 1.4 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Motivating Students; Activities and Materials; Teacher Content Knowledge; Teacher Knowledge of Students)	TC does not attempt to differentiate instruction.	TC uses general strategies to differentiate instruction in an attempt to meet the needs of diverse learners.	TC uses a variety of specific instructional strategies for meeting the needs of diverse learners.				
	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and EV							
2.3	TC demonstrates thorough command of the content taught and appropriately addresses learner questions and misunderstandings related to the content. InTASC 4; CAEP 1.3; SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Presenting Instructional Content; Academic Feedback; Teacher Content Knowledge; Teacher Knowledge of Students)	TC presentation of content has misinformation and lacks clarity.	TC presentation of content is clear and accurate. TC correctly addresses learner questions and misconceptions.	TC's presentation of content is clear, precise, and accurate. The TC uses content knowledge to field questions, make connections, and address misconceptions.				
	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and EV	TIDENCE	,	,	•			

DOMAIN 2: INSTRUCTION							
	Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity			
TC measures student mastery of learning by using assessment strategies with established performance criteria. InTASC 6 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Standards and Objectives)	TC does not establish performance criteria for assessments and/or does not conduct assessment of learning.	TC measures student mastery of learning through assessments (e.g. checks for understanding, quizzes, probing questions) with established performance criteria.	TC uses multiple assessments (e.g., checks for understanding, quizzes, probing questions) with established performance criteria throughout instruction to measure mastery of learning. In addition, candidate provides opportunities for individual learners to self-				
TC provides specific and timely instructional feedback to students pertaining to stated outcomes.	TC rarely provides feedback or feedback is unrelated to lesson objectives.	TC provides general instructional feedback to students related to lesson objectives. Feedback is	TC provides specific , corrective, and timely instructional feedback to students related to lesson				
InTASC 6 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Motivating Students; Academic Feedback) SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and EV		based on class-wide or individual responses.	objectives. Feedback is based on class-wide or individual responses.				
	using assessment strategies with established performance criteria. InTASC 6 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Standards and Objectives) SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and ENTITY of the standards and ENTITY of the standards and timely instructional feedback to students pertaining to stated outcomes. InTASC 6 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Motivating Students; Academic Feedback)	TC measures student mastery of learning by using assessment strategies with established performance criteria. InTASC 6 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Standards and Objectives) TC provides specific and timely instructional feedback to students pertaining to stated outcomes. InTASC 6 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Motivating Students;	TC measures student mastery of learning by using assessment strategies with established performance criteria. TC does not establish performance criteria for assessments and/or does not conduct assessment of learning. TC does not establish performance criteria for assessments and/or does not conduct assessment (e.g. checks for understanding, quizzes, probing questions) with established performance criteria. SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and EVIDENCE TC provides specific and timely instructional feedback to students pertaining to stated outcomes. TC rarely provides feedback is unrelated to lesson objectives. TC provides general instructional feedback to students related to lesson objectives. TC provides general instructional feedback to students related to lesson objectives. Feedback is based on class-wide or individual responses.	TC measures student mastery of learning by using assessment strategies with established performance criteria. TC measures student mastery of learning by using assessment strategies with established performance criteria. InTASC 6 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Standards and Objectives) TC provides specific and timely instructional feedback to students pertaining to stated outcomes. InTASC 6 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Motivating Students; Academic Feedback) TC measures student mastery of learning through assessments (e.g., checks for understanding, quizzes, probing questions) with established performance criteria. TC measures student mastery of learning through assessments (e.g., checks for understanding, quizzes, probing questions) with established performance criteria. TC provides performance criteria throughout instruction (mastery of learning, quizzes, probing questions) with established performance criteria. TC provides general instructional feedback to students pertaining to stated outcomes. TC provides general instructional feedback to students related to lesson objectives. TC provides general instructional feedback to students related to lesson objectives. TC provides general instructional feedback to students related to lesson objectives. TC provides general instructional feedback to students related to lesson objectives. Feedback is based on class-wide or individual responses.			

	DOMAIN 2: INSTRUCTION						
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity		
2.6	TC uses appropriate voice tone, inflection, pacing, and nonverbal communication to manage instruction/environment effectively. SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Lesson Structure and Pacing; Presenting Instructional Content) SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and EV	TC consistently exhibits one or more of the following: (a) a monotone with no changes in inflection or tone, (b) flat presentation with no changes in pacing, (c) body language that does not encourage student engagement, (d) limited eye contact with students, and/or (e) limited movement (rooted in one place).	TC demonstrates effective teaching and communication skills by varying voice inflection and tone, changing the pacing/sequence of the presentation, and using body language that encourages student engagement.	. TC demonstrates effective and strategic teaching and communication skills by varying voice inflection and tone, changing the pacing of the presentation, and using body language that encourages student engagement. In addition, TC moves throughout the space to maintain eye contact with students.			
2.7	TC implements strategies that address the needs of learners from diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds. CAEP 1.4 SCTS 4.0- Instruction (Motivating Students; Teacher Knowledge of Students)	TC makes no attempt to integrate cultural and linguistic backgrounds into instruction or learning experiences.	TC addresses the needs of students from diverse cultural and/or linguistic backgrounds with general strategies or learning experiences.	TC uses strategies that address the needs of individual learners from diverse cultural backgrounds including strategies such as providing examples that are relevant to specific culture.			
	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and EV	VIDENCE					

	DOMAIN 2: INSTRUC	ΓΙΟΝ		
	Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity
Describe at least one instruction strength:				
List at least one instruction goal:				

		DOMAIN	3: ENVIRONMENT		
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity
3.1	TC creates and maintains a safe educational environment that is conducive to learning. SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Lesson Structure and Pacing); Environment (Environment)	TC does not follow safety procedures, which results or could result in lack of learning and/or student harm.	TC follows the mentor teacher's procedures to physically arrange the classroom to avoid distractions and ensure safe use of materials.	TC follows safety procedures and makes adjustments to the physical environment to promote learning, avoid distractions, and ensure safe use of materials.	
	SUPPORTING DOCUMEN	TATION and EVIDENCE			

	DOMAIN 3: ENVIRONMENT								
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity				
3.2	TC maintains a respectful, inclusive environment through which interactions (teacher/student, student/student) acknowledge and celebrate diverse backgrounds and cultures. InTASC 2 SCTS 4.0 – Environment (Respectful Culture)	Responds with bias toward learners who differ by gender, ethnicity, exceptionality, sexual orientation, or socio-economic status. TC tolerates bullying and/or disrespectful peer interactions.	TC addresses student difficulties, concerns, and questions without bias towards gender, ethnicity, exceptionality, sexual orientation, or social economic status. TC works to establish a bully-free environment and foster interactions which exhibit awareness of students' background and culture and are free from unhealthy conflict, sarcasm, and put-downs.	TC responds positively to learner difficulties, concerns, and questions without bias towards gender, ethnicity, exceptionality, sexual orientation, or socio-economic status. TC establishes a bully-free environment and considers proactive measures to foster classroom community and respect for diversity which acknowledge and celebrate all students' background and culture. TC ensures all interactions are free from unhealthy conflict, sarcasm, and putdowns.					
3.3	TC creates environments that promote positive social interaction and collaboration in the learning environment. InTASC 3 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Lesson Structure and Pacing; Activities and Materials; Grouping Students); Environment (Environment; Respectful Culture) SUPPORTING DOCUMENT	TC rarely uses strategies that promote student social interaction.	TC implements instructional activities (partner and group work, procedures, project-based learning, etc.) to support positive social interactions and productive teamwork.	TC structures instructional and non-instructional routines and activities (partner and group work, procedures, project-based learning, etc.) to support positive social interactions, productive teamwork, and collaborative learning.					

	DOMAIN 3: ENVIRONMENT					
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity	
3.4	TC manages instructional routines and transitions between activities or classes in an efficient and orderly manner. InTASC 3 SCTS 4.0 – Instruction (Activities and Materials) Environment (Expectations; Managing Student Behavior) SUPPORTING DOCUMEN	TC implements ineffective procedures for managing routines and transitions resulting in reduced active engagement in instructional activities and increased problem behavior. TATION and EVIDENCE	TC follows the mentor teacher's procedures for managing instructional and non-instructional routines (e.g., bathroom breaks, sharpening pencils, turning in work), and transitions.	TC follows and makes appropriate adjustments to the mentor teacher's procedures for managing instructional and non-instructional routines (e.g., bathroom breaks, sharpening pencils, turning in work), and transitions.		
Describe at least one environment strength:						
List at least one environment goal:						

4.1	TC effectively co-teaches with the mentor teacher.	Below Expectations TC does not engage in coteaching with the mentor teacher.	Meets Expectations TC follows the guidance of the mentor teacher to plan and implement co-taught lessons.	Exceeds Expectations TC collaborates with the mentor teacher to plan and implement cotaught lessons.	No Opportunity		
4.1		teaching with the mentor	mentor teacher to plan and	teacher to plan and implement co-			
	SUPPORTING DOCUMEN	TATION and EVIDENCE					
4.2	TC establishes professional relationships with school personnel and students. InTASC 10	TC exhibits unprofessional behaviors that damage relationships with school personnel (e.g. colleagues, administrators, mentor teachers, other school staff members, and university supervisor) or students.	TC conducts self in a professional manner when interacting with school personnel (e.g. colleagues, administrators, mentor teachers, other school staff members, and university supervisor) and students in and away from the school environment.	TC not only conducts self in a professional manner, but, also, takes initiative to establish positive relationships with school personnel (e.g. colleagues, administrators, mentor teachers, other school staff members, and university supervisor) and students in and away from the school environment.			
	SUPPORTING DOCUMEN						
4.3	TC demonstrates effective verbal communication that is appropriate for the intended audiences and uses standard English.	TC's verbal communication is not appropriate for students and/or professionals and/or does not reflect standard English conventions.	TC's verbal communication is appropriate for students and professionals and reflects standard English conventions.	TC's verbal communication integrates professional vocabulary which is appropriate for students and professionals and reflects standard English conventions.			
	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and EVIDENCE						

	DOMAIN 4: PROFESSIONALISM						
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity		
4.4	TC demonstrates effective external written communication that is appropriate for the intended audience and uses standard English. SUPPORTING DOCUMEN	TC's external written communication is not appropriate for students and/or professionals and/or does not reflect standard English conventions (i.e., frequent or substantive errors in writing mechanics and/or sentence structure).	TC's external written communication is appropriate for students and caregivers and reflects standard English conventions (i.e., few errors in writing mechanics and sentence structure).	TC's external written communication is clear and appropriate for varied audiences. Communication reflects standard English conventions (i.e., no errors in writing mechanics and sentence structure) and includes proficient use of professional language.			
4.5	TC adheres to the university and school/district rules, Standards of Conduct for South Carolina Educators, and FERPA requirements and acts appropriately when faced with legal issues with children. ** InTASC 9 SUPPORTING DOCUMEN	TC violates one or more of the school/district rules, Standards of Conduct for South Carolina Educators, or FERPA requirements, and/or the TC's lack of actions on legal issues involves harm to the children served.	TC's conduct conforms to school/district rules as well as the <i>Standards of Conduct for South Carolina Educators</i> . The TC observes confidentiality of student information (FERPA). The TC acts appropriately when faced with legal issues facing the children he/she serves.	TC meets all requirements at the acceptable level and demonstrates an advocacy position when discussing or acting upon legal issues related to students.			
	SULL OKTING DOCUMEN	TATION and EVIDENCE					

	DOMAIN 4: PROFESSIONALISM					
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity	
4.6	TC demonstrates professional responsibility (e.g. preparedness, responsibility, initiative, time management) SCTS 4.0 – Environment (Environment) Professionalism (Growing and Developing Professionally) SUPPORTING DOCUMEN	TC is not prepared to teach each day. Lesson plans may be missing or incomplete; materials may not be organized in advance; others (assistants or colleagues) may not be informed of their instructional roles for the lesson. Lack of preparedness and initiative negatively impacts student learning opportunities. TATION and EVIDENCE	TC comes to the classroom prepared for each day. TC prepares plans in advance and discusses them with the mentor teacher. TC is organizes materials and activities in advance.	TC comes to the classroom prepared for each day and displays a high degree of organization. Plans are prepared in advance and discussed with mentor teacher. TC is organizes materials and activities in advance and takes initiative for various classroom responsibilities.		
4.7	TC is receptive to constructive criticism from mentor teacher, university supervisor, and administrators and incorporates feedback. SCTS 4.0 – Professionalism (Growing and Developing Professionally)	TC is argumentative, oppositional, or defensive when receiving constructive feedback or professional learning. TC makes no attempt to incorporate appropriate feedback from others (i.e., planning, instruction, assessment, management, communication, and/or dispositions).	TC receives feedback in a mature manner and appropriately incorporates appropriate feedback from others (i.e., planning, instruction, assessment, management, communication, and/or dispositions).	TC seeks and is receptive to constructive feedback. TC receives feedback in a mature manner and appropriately incorporates appropriate feedback from others (i.e., planning, instruction, assessment, management, communication, and/or dispositions).		
	SUPPORTING DOCUMEN	TATION and EVIDENCE				

DOMAIN 4: PROFESSIONALISM						
		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No Opportunity	
4.8	TC uses self-reflection to evaluate and improve professional practice. InTASC 9 SCTS 4.0 – Professionalism (Reflecting on Teaching)	TC's reflections include general statements not supported by specific examples and plans for change are not included.	TC's reflections include specific statements supported by evidence (assessment data, observation, student behavior, artifacts, etc.) to improve instruction and student learning.	TC's reflections include specific statements supported by evidence (assessment data, observation, student behavior, artifacts, etc.). Reflections include detailed explanations of strategies that will be used to improve instruction and student learning.		
	SUPPORTING DOCUMEN	TATION and EVIDENCE		student rearning.		

^{*} A Below Expectations rating on this item may result in failure for the internship.

Describe at least one professionalism strength:	
List at least one professionalism goal:	

DOMAIN 5: Social Studies Education

		Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	No opportunity
5.1	TC plans learning sequences that engage learners with disciplinary concepts, facts, and tools from the social studies disciplines to facilitate social studies literacies for civic life. NCSS 2b SUPPORTING	TC plans learning sequences that use disciplinary concepts, facts, and tools. DOCUMENTATION and EVIDENCE	TC plans learning sequences that engage learners with disciplinary concepts, facts, and tools from the social studies disciplines that enable students to understand the world around them.	TC plans learning sequences that engage learners with disciplinary concepts, facts, and tools from the social studies disciplines to foster everyday literacies, disciplinary literacies, and inquiry literacies. This means equipping students to be engaged citizens.	
5.2	TC plans learning sequences that engage learners in disciplinary inquiry to develop social studies literacies for civic life.	TC plans learning sequences that use inquiry.	TC plans learning sequences that engage learners in discipline-specific ways of knowing that characterize social studies subject matter that enable students to understand the world around them.	TC plans learning sequences that engage learners in the discipline-specific ways of knowing that characterize social studies subject matter that enable students to investigate issues in the world around them.	
	NCSS 2c				

12.19.2023					
	SUPPORTING I	DOCUMENTATION and EVIDENCE			
5.3	TC plans learning sequences where learners create disciplinary forms of representation that convey social studies knowledge and civic competence. NCSS 2d SUPPORTING 1	TC plans learning sequences that include forms of representation. DOCUMENTATION and EVIDENCE	TC plans learning sequences where learners will create disciplinary forms of representation that communicate the results of disciplinary inquiry.	TC plans learning sequences where learners will create disciplinary forms of representation that communicate the results of disciplinary inquiry that fosters political knowledge, self-interested investment in political engagement, and a disposition toward a more inclusive, just, and equitable society.	
5.4	TC plans learning sequences that use technology to foster civic competence. NCSS 2e	TC plans learning sequences that do not use technology.	TC plans learning sequences that use technology to investigate questions.	TC plans learning sequences that use technology to investigate questions related to diverse, problematic, and controversial issues that lead to a more inclusive, just, and equitable society.	

	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and EVIDEN	CE	
5.5	TC designs and implements learning experiences that engage learners in disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation for civic competence and demonstrate alignment with state-required content standards. NCSS 3b	TC designs coherent and relevant learning experiences that engage learners in disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation, AND TC also aligns learning experiences with state-required content standards.	TC designs coherent and relevant learning experiences that fosters political knowledge, a self-interested investment in political engagement, and a disposition toward a more inclusive, just, and equitable society. AND TC will also aligns assessments with state required content standards.
	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION and EVIDEN	CE	

12.19.2023					
5.6	TC uses theory and research to implement a variety of instructional practices and authentic assessments featuring disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation for civic competence. NCSS 3c	TC implements instructional practices and assessments. DOCUMENTATION and EVIDENCE	TC implements a variety of instructional practices and authentic assessments that draw upon general concepts from theory and research.	TC uses principles from theory and research to justify implementation of a variety of instructional practices and authentic assessments featuring disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation for competence in civic life.	
5.7	TC engages learners in self-assessment practices that support individualized learning outcomes related to disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation for competence in civic life. NCSS 3e	TC utilizes assessment practices in the classroom.	TC engages learners in self-assessment practices that monitor and evaluate the quality of their thinking and behavior when learning.	TC engages learners in self- assessment practices that may include setting learning goals, participating in reflective thinking, acquiring feedback from peers and others, and conducting self- evaluations related to disciplinary knowledge, inquiry, and forms of representation for competence in civic life.	

SUPPORTING I	OOCUMENTATION and EVIDENCE			
TC uses knowledge of learners' socio-cultural assets, learning demands, and individual identities to plan and implement relevant and responsive pedagogy that ensures equitable learning opportunities in social studies. NCSS 4a SUPPORTING I	TC plans and implements pedagogy that acknowledges learners' sociocultural assets, learning demands, and individual identities. DOCUMENTATION and EVIDENCE	TC uses knowledge of learners' socio-cultural assets, learning demands, and individual identities to plan and implement pedagogy that is relevant to learners' personal, family, and community experiences. AND TC uses knowledge of learners' socio-cultural assets, learning demands, and individual identities to plan and implement pedagogy that is relevant to learners' cognitive and emotional demands.	TC uses knowledge of learners' socio-cultural assets, learning demands, and individual identities to plan and implement pedagogy that is relevant to learners' personal, family, and community experiences that demonstrate rigorous expectations for all learners and the necessary scaffolding that ensures their success. AND TC uses knowledge of learners' socio-cultural assets, learning demands, and individual identities to plan and implement pedagogy that is relevant to learners' cognitive and emotional demands that demonstrate rigorous expectations for all learners and the necessary scaffolding that ensures their success.	

5.9	TC facilitates	TC directs learning	TC facilitates	TC facilitates	
	collaborative,	environments that support	collaborative learning	collaborative learning	
	interdisciplina	teacher-dependent	environments that feature	environments that foster a	
	ry learning	learning	knowledge, practices, and	community of learners who	
	environments		forms of representation	engage with knowledge,	
	in which		across social studies	practices, and forms of	
	learners use		disciplines to explore civic	representation across	
	disciplinary		life.	social studies disciplines to	
	facts, concepts,			become informed	
	and tools,			advocates for an inclusive	
	engage in			and equitable society.	
	disciplinary				
	inquiry, and				
	create				
	disciplinary				
	forms of				
	representation.				
	NCSS 4b				
	SUPPORTING	L DOCUMENTATION and EVIDENCE	<u> </u>		

5.10	TC engages learners in ethical reasoning to deliberate social, political, and economic issues, communicate conclusions, and takes informed action toward achieving a more inclusive and equitable society. NCSS 4c	TC acknowledges social, political, and economic issues with learners. DOCUMENTATION and EVIDENCE	TC facilitates learners' engagement in ethical reasoning to deliberate social, political, and economic issues and communicate conclusions that identify potential opportunities for informed action.	TC facilitates learners' engagement in ethical reasoning to deliberate social, political, and economic issues and communicate conclusions and takes informed action that challenges the effects of injustice in schools, community, or society.
Describe at least 1 Content strength:				
Describe at least 1 Content goal:				